

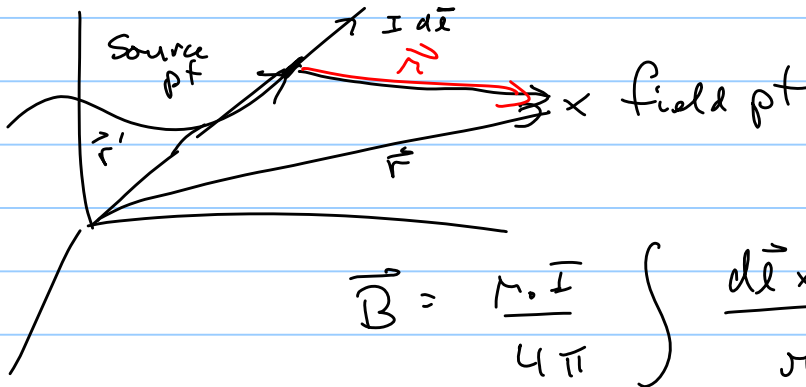
$$d\vec{F} = dq \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

$\downarrow$   
 $\lambda dl$   
 $\sigma da$   
 $\rho d\tau$

$$\rho d\tau \vec{v} \times \vec{B} = \vec{J} \times \vec{B} d\tau$$

$\vec{J} = \rho \vec{v}$

- Find  $\vec{B}$  Biot-Savart

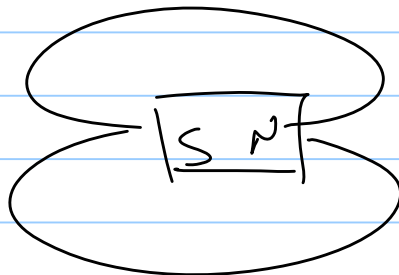
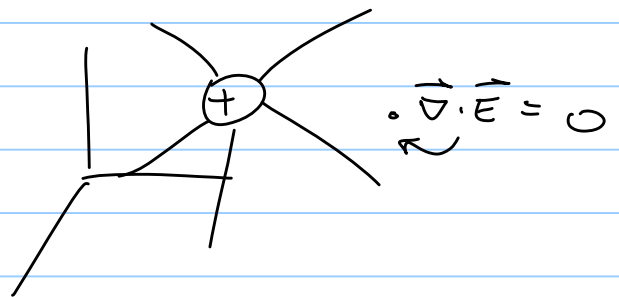


$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{l} \times \vec{r}}{r^3}$$

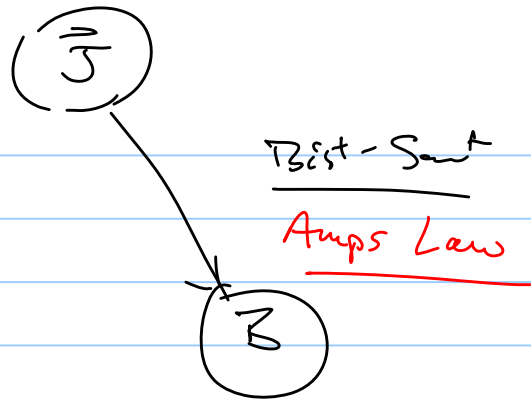
$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J} \times \vec{r}}{r^3} d\tau' \quad \vec{r} = \vec{r} - \vec{r}'$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} B_y + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} B_z = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \rho / \epsilon_0$$



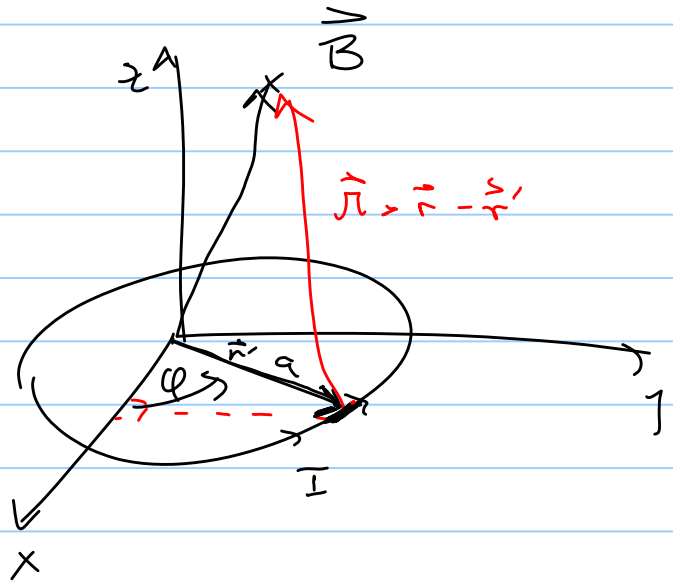
$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$



Tablet Q # 1

- derive  $d\vec{l}$

$$d\vec{l} = a d\theta \hat{\theta}$$



$$\vec{r}' = a \cos\theta \hat{x} + a \sin\theta \hat{y}$$

$$d\vec{l} = -a \sin\theta d\theta \hat{x} + a \cos\theta d\theta \hat{y} = d\vec{r}'$$

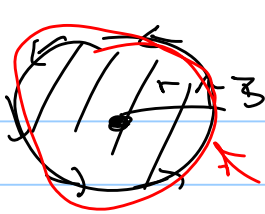
$$\vec{r} = x \hat{x} + y \hat{y} + z \hat{z}$$

$$\vec{r}' =$$

$$\vec{B} = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\mu_0 I d\vec{l} \times \vec{r}}{r^3}$$

Ex:





$$\int \nabla \times \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{a} = \int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{\ell}$$

end view

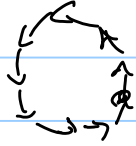
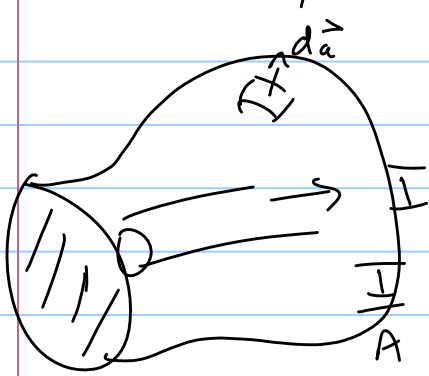
path circle

$$\oint |\vec{B}| |d\vec{\ell}| \cos \phi$$

$$\text{RAS} = \int \mu_0 \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{a} = \mu_0 I_{\text{end}}$$

$\left( \frac{\text{Coul}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}} \right)$  or  $\frac{\text{Amps}}{\text{m}^2}$

$$B \oint d\ell = B 2\pi r$$



$$\oint d\vec{\ell} = \phi$$

$$\vec{J} \text{ area} = I$$

$\frac{\text{Amps}}{\text{m}^2}$

$$\mu_0 I = 2\pi r B$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \propto \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{\ell} = \mu_0 I_{\text{end}}$$

