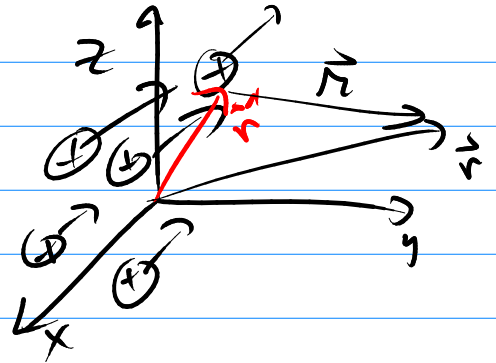
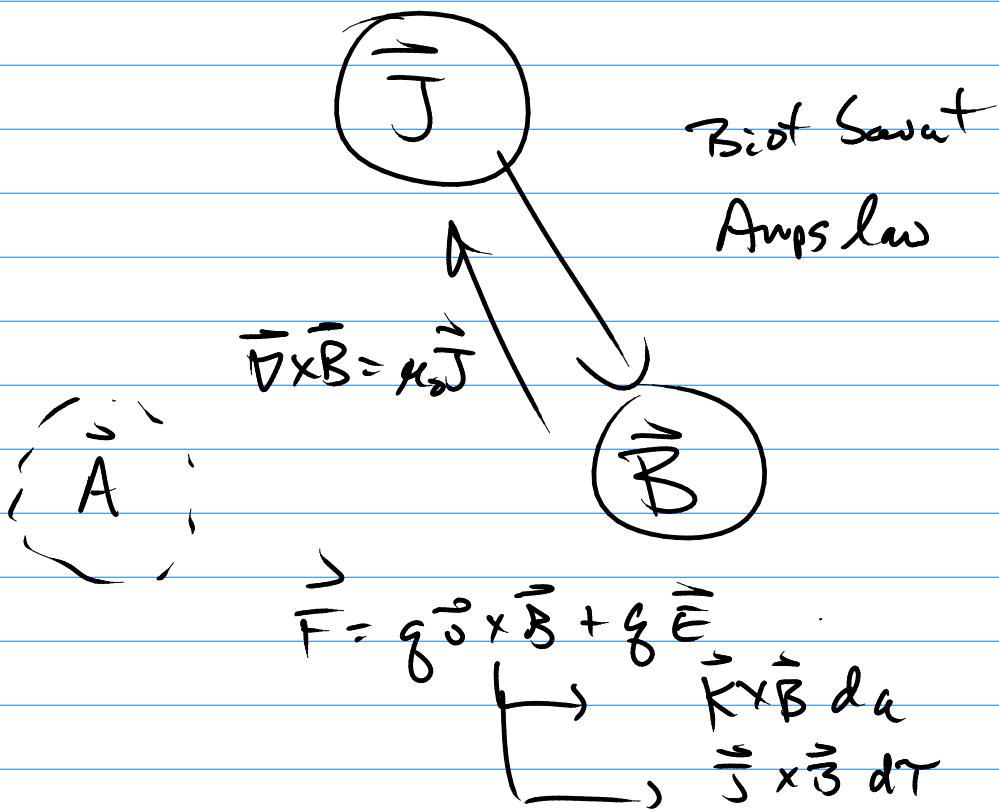
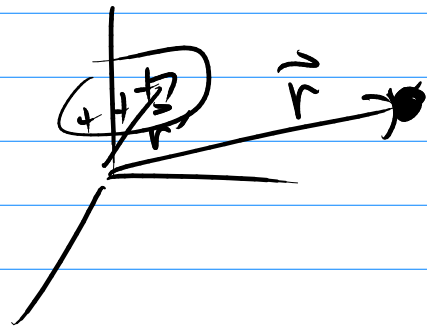
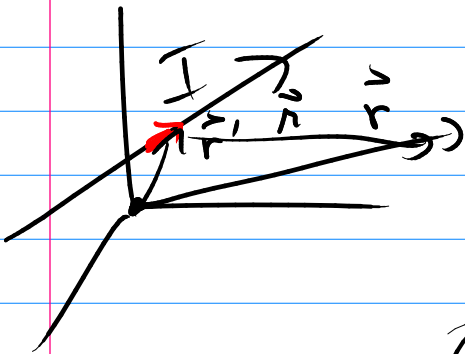


$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{I d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} \quad \text{Biot Savart}$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{K} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} da$$



$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} d\tau' = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}') \times (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3} d\tau'$$



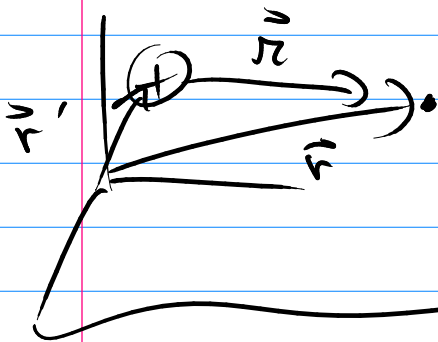
$$\vec{B}(\vec{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}') \times (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3} dx' dy' dz'$$

$$\vec{B}(x, y, z)$$

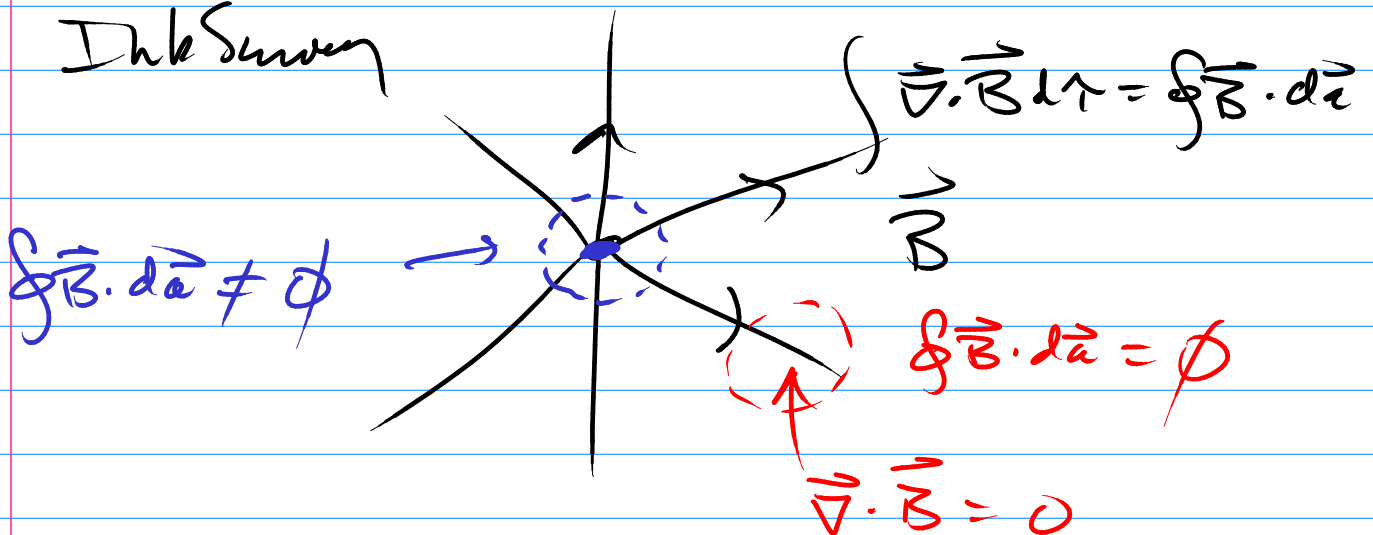
$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z} = 0$$

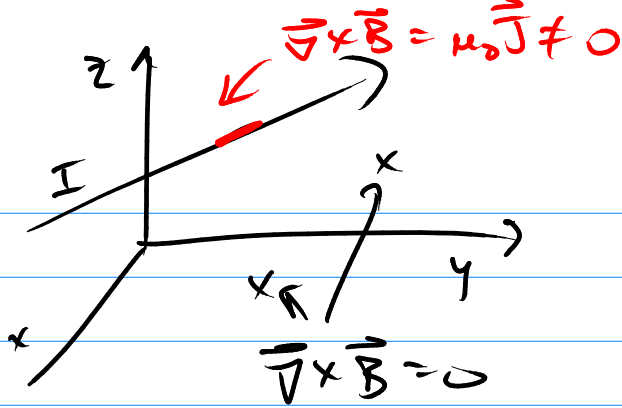
$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}(\vec{r}) = \mu_0 \vec{J}(\vec{r})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot \underbrace{\int \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{\rho(\vec{r}') dx' dy' dz'}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^2}}_{E(\vec{r})} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$$

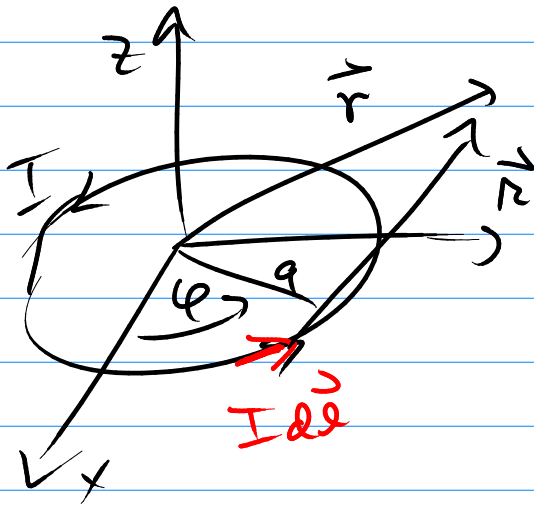


Ink Surven





$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$



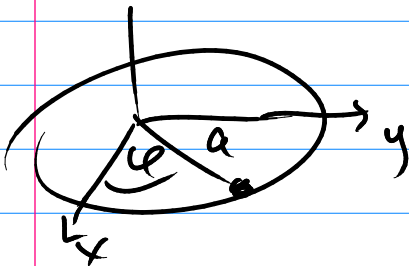
$$\text{find } \vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{I d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$$

$$\hat{\phi} = -\sin\phi \hat{x} + \cos\phi \hat{y}$$

$$d\vec{\ell} = a d\phi \hat{\phi} = a d\phi (-\sin\phi \hat{x} + \cos\phi \hat{y})$$

$$\vec{r} = \vec{r} - \vec{r}'$$

$$\vec{r} = x \hat{x} + y \hat{y} + z \hat{z}$$



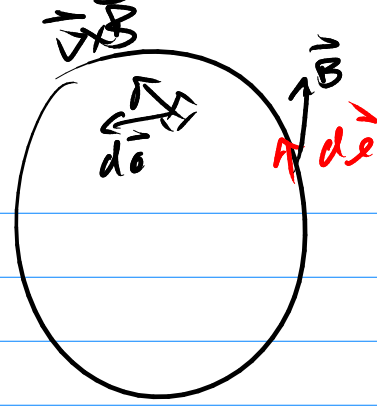
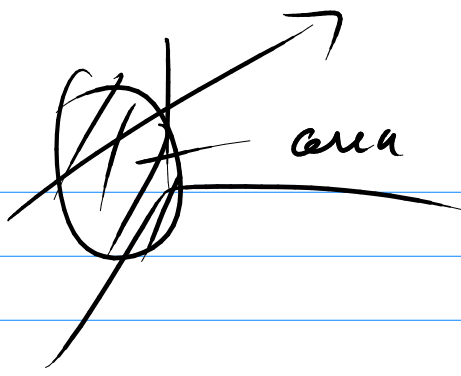
$$\vec{r}' = a \cos\phi \hat{x} + a \sin\phi \hat{y}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$

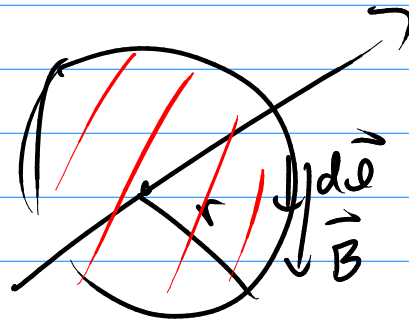
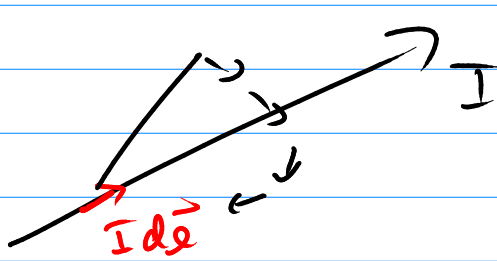
integral form uses Stokes

$$\int \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{a} = \oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{\ell}$$

" $\mu_0 \vec{J}$ Biot Savart



$$\int \mu_0 \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{a} = \oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} \quad \text{Amp's law}$$



$$B \cdot 2\pi r = \mu_0 I_0$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I_0}{2\pi r}$$

