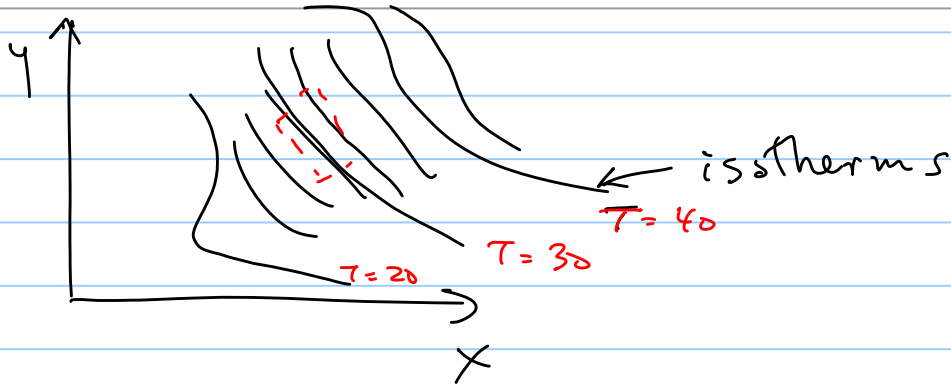


Vector calculus in thermo



$T(x, y)$ scalar field. Consider flow of heat

- has direction (doesn't flow along isotherm)

- magnitude $\frac{\text{thermal energy}}{\text{area} \cdot \text{time}}$ \vec{h} heat flow vector

current density $\vec{j} = \rho \vec{v}$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \vec{v} \leftarrow \text{velocity} \\ \rho \leftarrow \text{charge density} \end{array} \right.$ $\frac{\text{charge}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}}$

How are $\vec{h} \propto T$ related in a slab (area A thickness d)

heat flow \propto area of faces

\propto temp difference between faces

$\propto \frac{1}{\text{distance between plates}}$

\propto material const (thermal conductivity)

$$J = K \frac{(T_2 - T_1) A}{d}$$

\uparrow
 thermal energy
 time

for infinitesimal slab $\Delta J = k \Delta T \frac{\Delta A}{\Delta S}$

$$|\vec{h}| = \frac{\Delta J}{\Delta A} = k \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta S}$$

↑ gradient

Not a fundamental law. It is material dep. (like Ohm's Law)

$$\vec{h} = -k \vec{\nabla} T$$

↑ points uphill

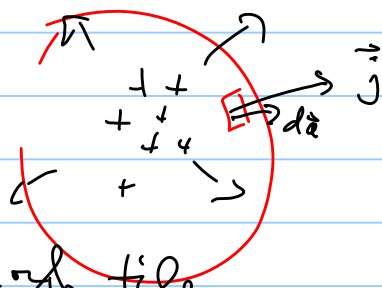
heat flows from higher to lower temperature

charge flow

$$\vec{j} = \rho \vec{v} \left(\frac{\text{Coul}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}} \right)$$

$\vec{j} \cdot d\vec{a}$ flux through tile

$$\frac{\text{Coul}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}} \cdot \text{m}^2 \rightarrow \frac{\text{Coul}}{\text{s}}$$



$$\oint \vec{j} \cdot d\vec{a} = - \frac{dQ_{\text{encl}}}{dt}$$

↓ div th

$$\rho(x, y, z, t)$$

$$\int \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{j} \, d\tau = - \frac{d}{dt} \int \rho \, d\tau = \int \left(- \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} \right) d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{j} = - \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} \quad \text{cons. charge}$$

heat flux

$$\oint \vec{h} \cdot d\vec{a} = - \frac{d}{dt} Q_{\text{encl.}}$$

↓

$$\int \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{h} \, d\tau = - \frac{d}{dt} \int \rho \, d\tau$$

thermal energy $\frac{\text{thermal energy}}{\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{s}}$ ← thermal energy enclosed by surface
thermal energy density

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{h} = -\frac{\partial g}{\partial t}$$

cons. of heat energy

$$-K \vec{\nabla} T$$

$$-K \nabla^2 T = -\frac{\partial g}{\partial t}$$

g thermal energy density

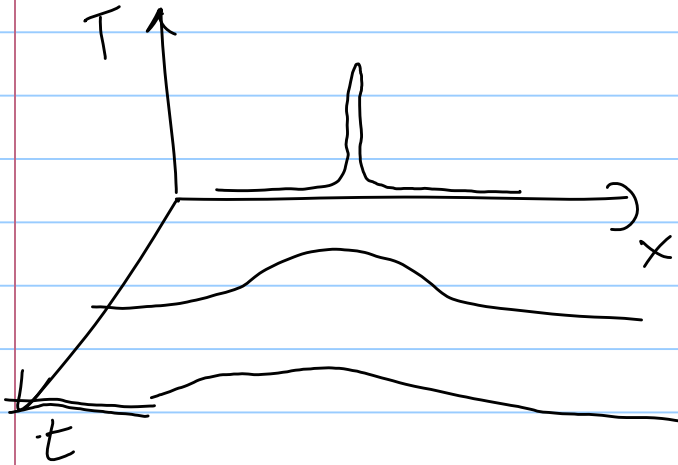
\propto Temp

Schrod eqn free particle
(not complex)

1-D copper

$$\nabla^2 T \rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2}$$

$$-K \nabla^2 T \propto -\frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$



Thermal statics

$$\nabla^2 T = -\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \rightarrow 0$$

Laplace's eqn!

