

3) cont

Now find  $B_2$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}_2 = \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{dE_2}{dt}$$

$$\int \vec{B}_2 \cdot d\vec{l} = -\mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{dE_2}{dt} \int d\vec{a}$$

$$\vec{B}_2 \cdot 2\pi r = -\mu_0 \epsilon_0 \left(\frac{\omega^2 r^3}{4}\right) E_0 e^{i\omega t} \cdot i\omega \cdot 2\pi r^2$$

$$\vec{B}_2 = -\frac{\omega^3 r^3}{8} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 i E_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

find  $E_3$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E}_3 = -\frac{dB}{dt}$$

$$\int E_3 \cdot d\vec{l} = -\frac{d}{dt} \left[ -\frac{\omega^3 r^3}{8} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 i\omega E_0 e^{i\omega t} \right] \int d\vec{a}$$

$$-E_3 \cdot 2s = \frac{\omega^4 r^3}{8} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 i^2 E_0 e^{i\omega t} \cdot rs$$

$$E_3 = \frac{\omega^4 r^4}{16} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 E_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2 + \vec{E}_3$$

$$= E_0 e^{i\omega t} - \frac{\omega^2 r^2}{4} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 E_0 e^{i\omega t} + \frac{\omega^4 r^4}{16} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 E_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\vec{E} = E_0 e^{i\omega t} \left[ 1 - \left(\frac{\omega r}{c}\right)^2 \frac{1}{4} + \left(\frac{\omega r}{c}\right)^4 \frac{1}{16} \right]$$

$$\vec{B} = \vec{B}_1 + \vec{B}_2 = \frac{\omega r}{2} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 E_0 e^{i\omega t} - \frac{\omega^3 r^3}{8} \mu_0 \epsilon_0 i E_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\begin{cases} c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}} \\ \mu_0 \epsilon_0 = \frac{1}{c^2} \end{cases}$$