MATH-332: Linear Algebra
Chapter: 6

## Orthogonality and Least Squares

Section 6.2: Orthogonal Sets
pgs. 384-394
July 27, 2009

## Lecture: Orthogonal Sets

|  | Orthogonal Sets <br> Topics: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Orthogonal Projection <br> Orthonormal sets \& Matrices |
| Problems | Prac: 1-3 <br> Prob: $3,7,11,13,23,24$ |

## Section Goals

- Understand how the concept of orthogonality, generated by the concept of angle/inner-products, can be used to simplify the representation in vector spaces and thus solving their associated linear systems.
- Conceptualize these procedures by the projective geometries and the linear transformations they define.


## Section Objectives

- Define what it means for a set to be an orthogonal set and show, via theorem 6.2.4 on page 384, how these sets are automatically linearly independent sets.
- Using orthogonal basis sets prove theorem 6.2.5, which shows that representations under such a basis is as simple as we can hope for.
- Define the concept of an orthogonal projection and using it characterize the geometric properties tacit in theorem 6.2.5.
- Building off of the concept of an orthogonal projection define orthogonal matrices and prove their associated properties.

