

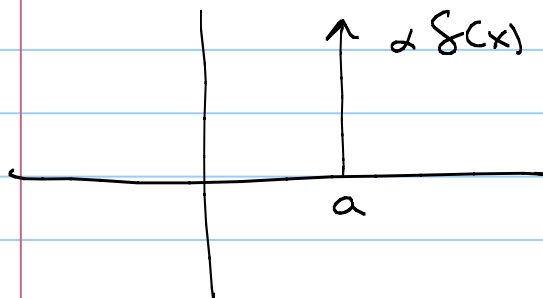
Problem 2.54

Note Title

Compute the

2/27/2008

M-matrix for a single δ scatterer



for $x < a$

$$\psi(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$

For $x > a$ $F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$

So continuity of ψ at a yields

$$\psi(a_-) = \psi(a_+)$$

$$\Rightarrow A e^{ika} + B e^{-ika} = F e^{ika} + G e^{-ika}$$

$$\Rightarrow A e^{2ika} + B = F e^{2ika} + G$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \right|_{x=a_-} - \left. \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \right|_{x=a_+} = \text{jump in } \psi'$$

$$ik A e^{ika} - ik B e^{-ika} - ik F e^{ika} + ik G e^{-ika}$$

recall (2.13.108) jump in $\frac{d\psi}{dx} \Rightarrow + \frac{2m\alpha}{\hbar^2} \psi(a)$

$$\Rightarrow ik [A e^{ika} - B e^{-ika} - F e^{ika} + G e^{-ika}] = \frac{2m\alpha}{\hbar^2} [A e^{ika} + B e^{-ika}]$$

$$\Rightarrow F e^{ika} - G e^{-ika} = A e^{ika} - B e^{-ika} + \frac{2i}{\hbar^2} \frac{m\alpha}{\hbar^2} [A e^{ika} + B e^{-ika}]$$

$$\Rightarrow F e^{zika} - G = A e^{-zika} - B + i \frac{2m\alpha}{\hbar^2 k} (A e^{zika} + B)$$

$$A e^{zika} + B = F e^{zika} + G$$

want to combine these in the form

$$\begin{bmatrix} F \\ G \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix}$$

Let $\frac{2m\alpha}{\hbar^2 k} = \beta$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^{zika} & -1 \\ e^{-zika} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F \\ G \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e^{zika(1+i\beta)} - 1 + i\beta & -1 + i\beta \\ e^{zika} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix}$$

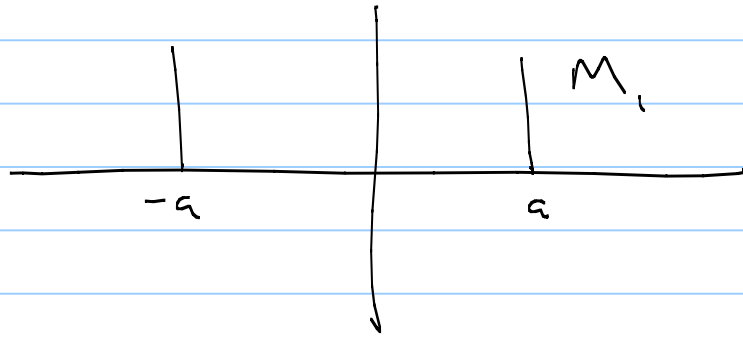
Inverse =

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} e^{-zika} & e^{-zika} \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

matrix multiply gives

\Rightarrow

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} (1+i\beta) & i\beta e^{-2ika} \\ -i\beta e^{2ika} & (1-i\beta) \end{bmatrix} = M_1$$



to get M_2 $a \Rightarrow -a$

$$M_2 = \begin{bmatrix} (1+i\beta) & i\beta e^{2ika} \\ -i\beta e^{-2ika} & (1-i\beta) \end{bmatrix}$$

Then $M = M_2 M_1$ do this

$$T = \frac{1}{|M_{22}|^2} = \frac{1}{1 + 4\beta^2 (\cos(2ka) + \beta \sin(2ka))^2}$$

