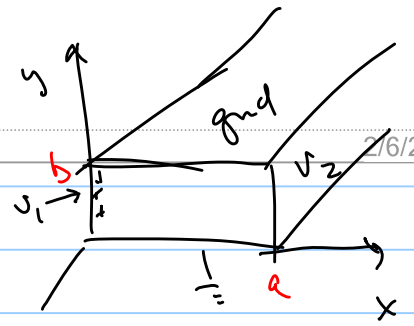


$$V = \sum A_i V_i \quad \text{fourier series}$$



$$V(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( A_n e^{-\frac{n\pi x}{b}} + B_n e^{\frac{n\pi x}{b}} \right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$$

Satisfy boundary cond at  $x=0$

$$V(0, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n + B_n) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$$

Find  $A_n$  &  $B_n$  & then I'm done!

multiply both sides by  $\sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{b}\right)$  & integrate  $y$  from 0 to  $b$

$$V_1 \int_0^b \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{b}\right) dy = \sum_n (A_n + B_n) \int_0^b \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{b}\right) dy$$

$$V_1 \left[ -\frac{b}{m\pi} \cos\left(\frac{m\pi y}{b}\right) \right]_0^b = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n + B_n) \frac{b}{2} \delta_{nm}$$

$$-\frac{bV_1}{m\pi} (\cos(m\pi) - 1) = (A_m + B_m) \frac{b}{2}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} m = \text{odd} \quad + \frac{2bV_1}{m\pi} \\ m = \text{even} \quad 0 \end{array} \right\} = (A_m + B_m) \frac{b}{2}$$

$$A_n + B_n = \begin{cases} \frac{4V_1}{n\pi} & n \text{ odd} \\ 0 & n \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

1 eqn in  
2 unknowns  
 $A_n, B_n$

Last boundary condition at  $x=a$

$V_2$

$$V(a, y) = V_2 = \sum_n (A_n e^{-\frac{n\pi a}{b}} + B_n e^{\frac{n\pi a}{b}}) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$$

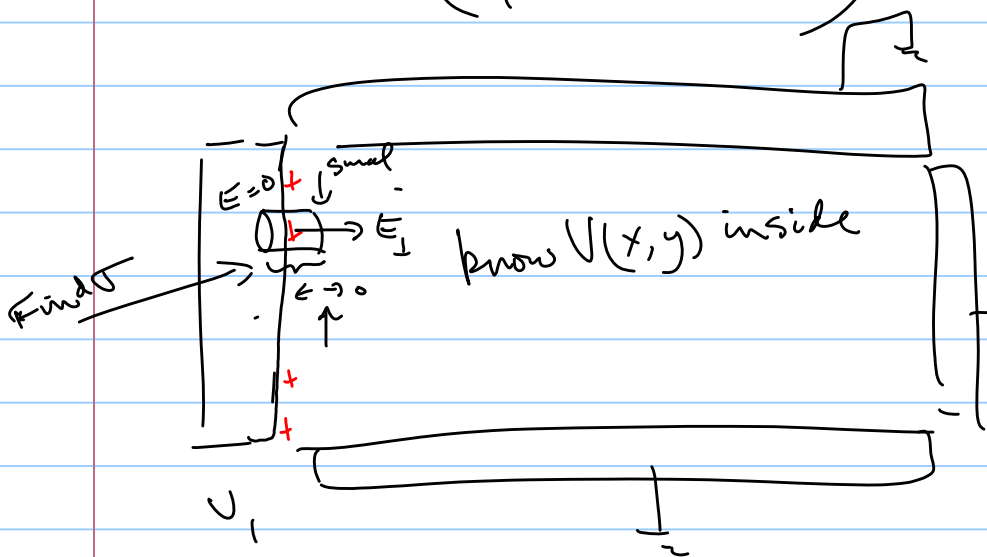
need  $A_n$  &  $B_n$ . Multiply by  $\sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$  & integrate

$$A_n e^{-\frac{n\pi a}{b}} + B_n e^{\frac{n\pi a}{b}} = \begin{cases} \frac{4V_2}{n\pi} & n \text{ odd} \\ 0 & n \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

2 unknowns  $A_n$  &  $B_n$

$$A_n = \frac{4}{n\pi} \left( \frac{V_1 - V_2 e^{-\frac{n\pi a}{b}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{2n\pi a}{b}}} \right)$$

$$B_n = \frac{4}{n\pi} \left( \frac{V_2 e^{-\frac{n\pi a}{b}} - V_1}{1 - e^{-\frac{2n\pi a}{b}}} \right)$$



$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{a} = \frac{Q_{\text{enc}}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\int_{\text{cap}} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{a} + \int_{\text{body}} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{a} + \int_{\text{cap}} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{a}$$

$\uparrow$   
 $E_{\perp} da$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $\text{vac}$

$$= EA = \frac{\sigma A}{\epsilon_0}$$

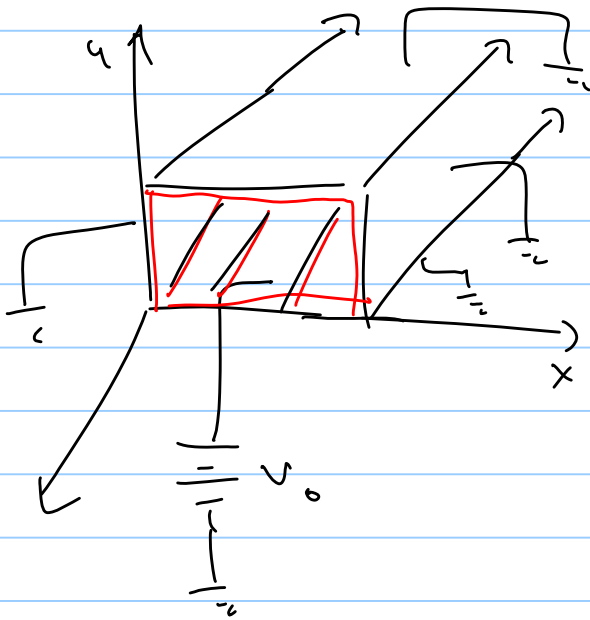
$$\nabla = \epsilon_0 E_{\perp}$$

$$-\nabla^2 V = -\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2}$$

know  $V(x, y) = \sum_n$

$\nabla^2 V = -\rho/\epsilon_0$  gives you  $\rho$  at  $x=0$

$$\sigma = -\epsilon_0 \left. \frac{\partial V(x,y)}{\partial x} \right|_{x=0}$$



trig function for  
 $V(x) \propto X(x)$  to  
 satisfy boundary conditions

$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{d^2 X}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{Y} \frac{d^2 Y}{dy^2} + \frac{1}{Z} \frac{d^2 Z}{dz^2} = 0$$

$$C_1 + C_2 + C_3 = 0$$

$$-k^2 - l^2 + C_3 = 0$$

$$C_3 > 0$$