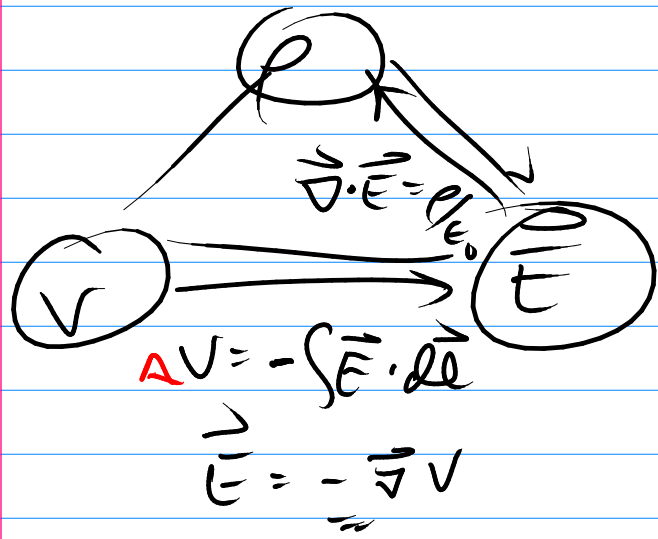




→ V on boundary is given

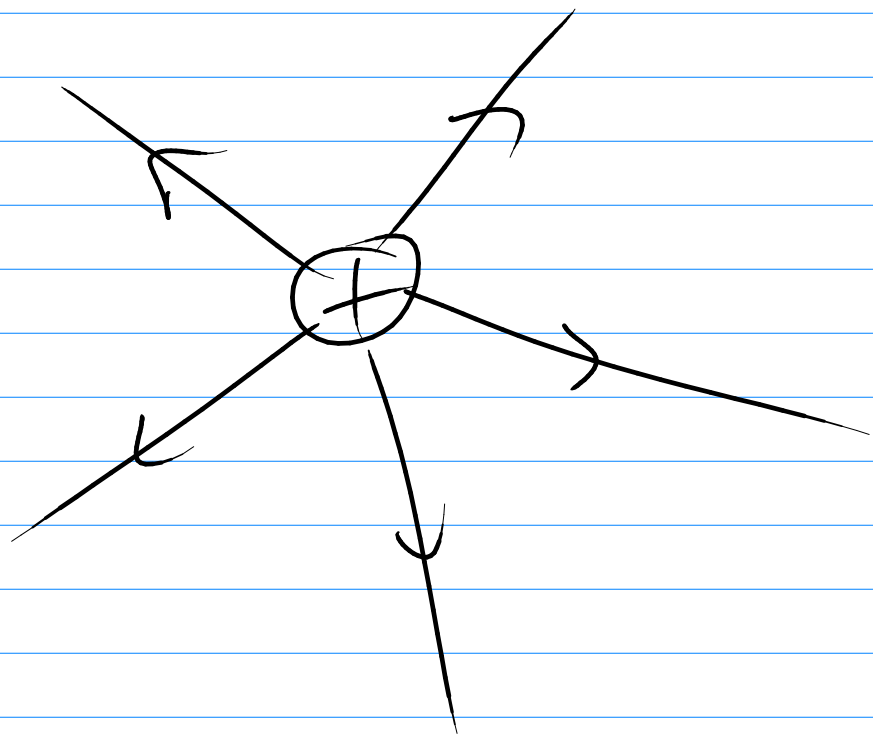
→ Gauss's law

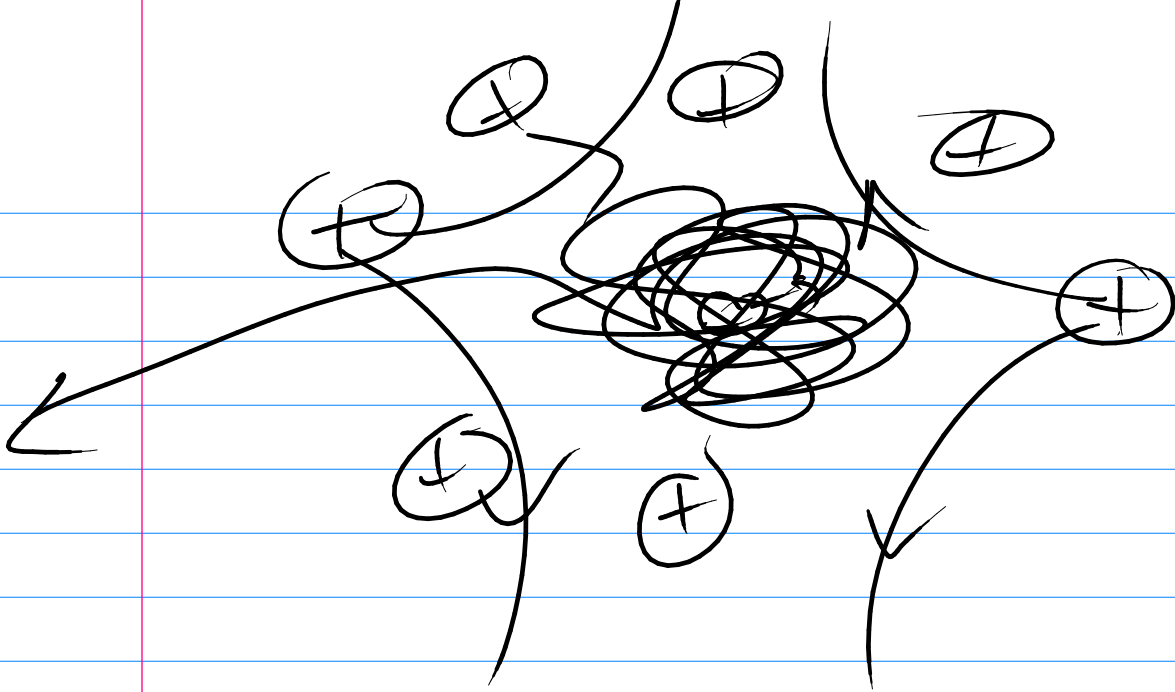


$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \Rightarrow \nabla^2 V = -\rho/\epsilon_0$$

$$\Delta V = -\int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{\ell}$$

$$\vec{E} = -\vec{\nabla} V$$

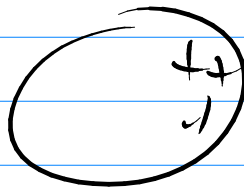
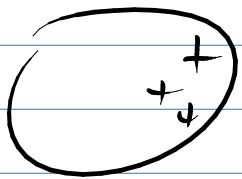
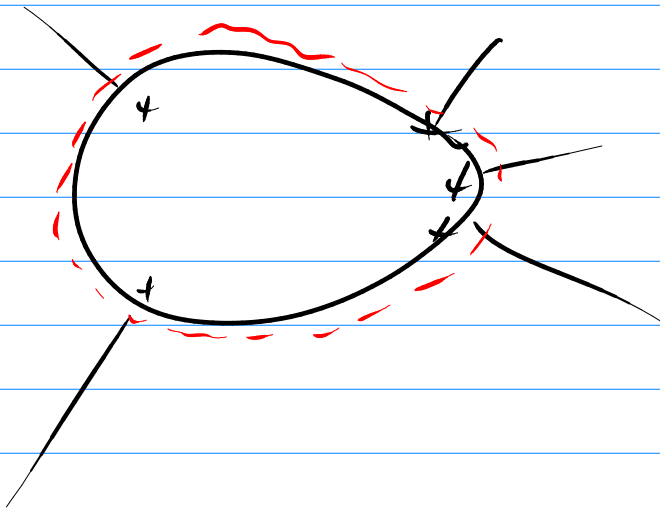




$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{a} = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\int E da \cos \phi$$

$$\sum_i E_i da_i$$



$$W_{enc} = \left(\underbrace{kE + PE}_{\underbrace{\quad}} \right) \underbrace{\quad}_f - \left(\underbrace{kE + PE}_{\underbrace{\quad}} \right)_i$$

$$PE = \frac{1}{2} \int d\tau U \quad \text{or} \quad \int d\tau U \quad \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 d\tau$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 \int (\vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2) \cdot (\vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2) d\tau$$