

Review:

$$\vec{F} = q \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

$$d\vec{F} = dq \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

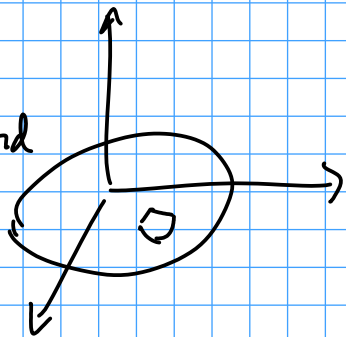
Sheet of charge

$$dq = \sigma da$$

$$d\vec{F} = \sigma da \vec{v} \times \vec{B} = \vec{K} \times \vec{B} da$$

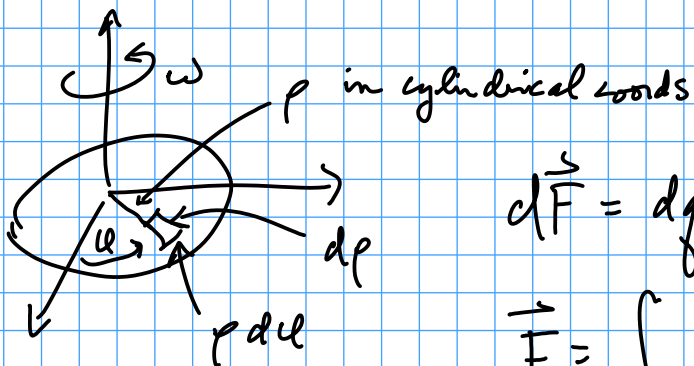
Ex:

Charged rod



$$\vec{F} = \int \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ K_x & K_y & K_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix} da$$

Why cartesian coords?



$$\hat{e}_\phi = -\sin\phi \hat{x} + \cos\phi \hat{y}$$

$$d\vec{F} = dq \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

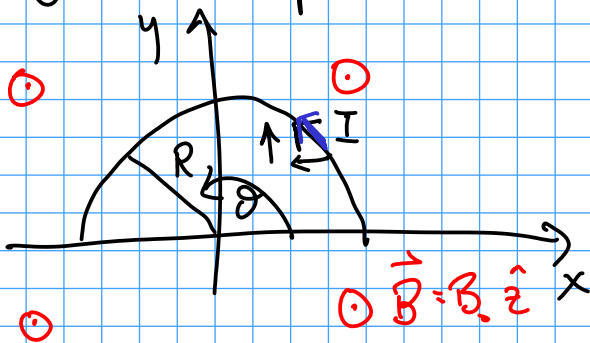
$$\vec{v} = \rho \omega \hat{e}_\phi \quad dq = \sigma da$$

$$\vec{F} = \int \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ v_x & v_y & v_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix} \sigma da$$

$$da = \rho d\phi dp$$

InkSurvey question:

Derive an expression for  $d\vec{F}$  on a segment of this wire



$$dl = R d\theta \hat{e}_\theta = R d\theta (-\sin\theta \hat{x} + \cos\theta \hat{y})$$

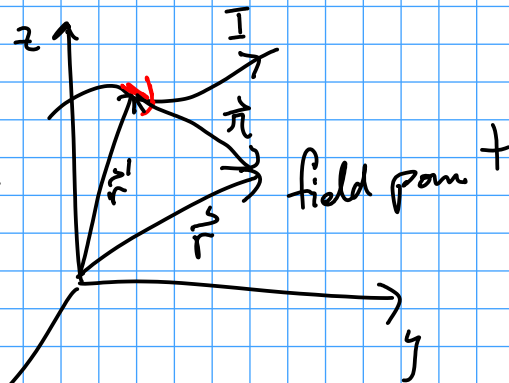
$$d\vec{F} = I dl \times \vec{B} = I \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & B_0 \end{vmatrix} R d\theta$$

Find  $B$  given steady currents (Magnetostatics)

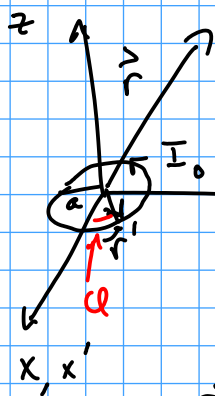
Law of Biot  $\frac{1}{2}$  Savart

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} \quad \text{for current in a wire}$$

$\vec{B}$  is a function of  $\vec{r} = x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}$



Ex: Find  $\vec{B}$  from a current loop.

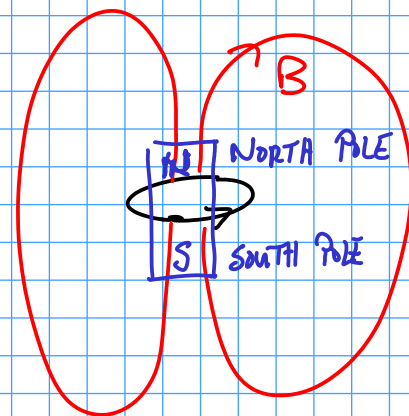


Is this a dipole field?

$$\vec{r} = x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}$$

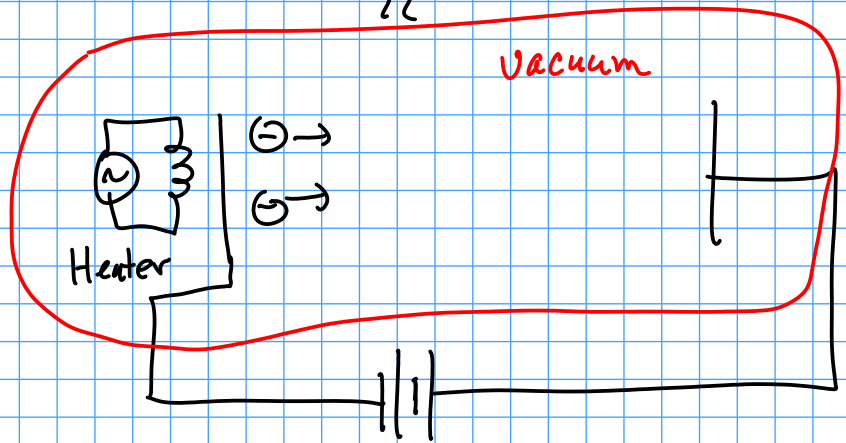
$$\vec{r}' = a \cos \phi' \hat{x} + a \sin \phi' \hat{y} + \phi \hat{z}$$

$$\vec{r} = \vec{r} - \vec{r}' \quad d\vec{\ell} = a d\phi' \hat{\phi}$$



Space charge: charge distributed in a volume

Ex: Vacuum diode

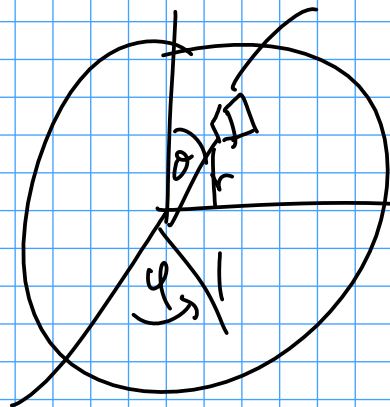
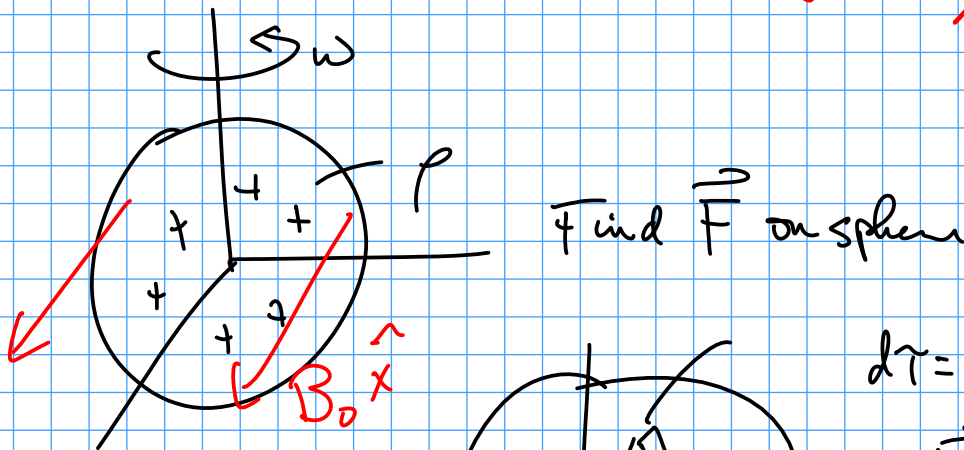


$$dq = \rho d\tau$$

$$d\vec{F} = dq \vec{v} \times \vec{B} = \rho d\tau \vec{v} \times \vec{B} = \vec{J} \times \vec{B} d\tau$$

$\vec{J}$  current density  $\rho \left( \frac{C}{m^3} \right) \vec{v} \left( \frac{m}{s} \right)$   
 $\frac{C}{s} \frac{1}{m^2}$  or  $\frac{Amps}{m^2}$

Ex:



$$d\tau = r^2 \sin\theta d\theta d\phi dr$$

$$d\vec{F} = \vec{J} \times \vec{B} d\tau$$

$$\rho \vec{v} = \rho \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$$

For current density  $\vec{J}$  what is  $\vec{B}$ :  $I d\vec{\ell} \rightarrow \vec{K} da$   
 $\rightarrow \vec{J} d\tau$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} d\tau$$

